Index 1: Voter Registration - Confidence level - LOW
Wyoming offers same-day voter registration through Election Day, but does not offer online nor automatic. Persons convicted of nonviolent felonies or as first-time offenders have their voting rights restored automatically upon release, otherwise voting rights are restored by pardon. Voters are purged from lists after one nonvoting general election. Wyoming had the second highest unnecessary purge rate of voters among all states in 2020.

Index 2: Voter Identification - Confidence level - LOW
Wyoming has a strict non-photo ID voter law. The state is NOT a member of the Electronic Registration Information Center (ERIC) which seeks to help states improve accuracy of voter rolls. In 2021, the state enacted harsher voter ID laws and imposed stricter signature requirements for mailed-in ballots.

Index 3: Early Voting - Confidence level - MEDIUM
Wyoming offers early in-person voting beginning 40 days before Election Day, ending the day before. No-excuse required absentee voting is available.

Index 4: Safe Voting - Confidence level - MEDIUM
Wyoming offers no-excuse absentee ballot voting. There is no proactive and unsolicited mailing of absentee ballot application. Ballot drop-off options are restrictive. The state does not provide prepaid postage to return the ballot. There are no limits on who can return an absentee ballot for a voter in need.
Index 5: Ballot Acceptance - Confidence level - LOW
Wyoming had a high percentage of mail-in ballots returned in 2020, with a low rejection rate. There is no statewide ballot tracking for all voters. Tracking services are available for military and overseas voters, but all other voters must contact their county clerks. There is no codified process for voters to correct for ballot discrepancies. Absentee ballots must be received by close of polls on Election Day. 2022 law permits county officials to begin preparing and processing absentee ballots on the Thursday and Friday before Election Day.

Index 6: Logistical Barriers in Voting - Confidence level - HIGH
Wyoming allows employees to take up to one hour paid leave to vote. The state provides limited quality accessible voting machine options and allows curbside voting, but has few other laws if any above federal mandates to assist disabled voters. However, Wyoming has passed laws addressing the voting rights of those experiencing housing instability, college students, and the incarcerated or detained. The state had a high ratio of poll workers to polling sites in 2020. Wyoming ranked in towards the middle among all states on how well they invested in the 2020 elections to improve processes while being cost effective.

Index 7: Equipment, Security, and Auditing - Confidence level - MEDIUM
Wyoming has a statewide verified paper audit trail. Most counties use hand marked paper ballots and/or offer Ballot Marking Device to meet voter accessibility needs. Wyoming tests the equipment according to full federal certification standards required by statute. Its election security systems received fair overall ratings in 2018. The state conducts audits to double-check for machine recording errors during the election process and the statutorily required post-election period.
Index 8: Independent Election Administration - Confidence level - HIGH
Although Wyoming has established the constitutional right to a secret ballot, it does not prohibit election interference by the legislature. No laws were passed in 2021 or 2022 on this topic.

Index 9: External Interference in Voting - Confidence Level - MEDIUM
Public opinion surveys showed that Wyoming voters had no trust in the 2020 election news coverage, while political scientists gave the state low media integrity ratings. There were a few reports from voters with concerns about election certification and in-person intimidation at polling sites. State law requires all poll workers be trained, but there are no laws which prohibit obstructing or hindering voters nor criminalize voter intimidation and false election speech.

Index 10: The Role of Government and Politics – No rating given, informational only
Wyoming is one of 19 states that has a Republican trifecta, as well as a triplex - the governor, attorney general, and secretary of state are from the same political party. Based on the last two presidential elections, Wyoming is the most Republican state, with an average GOP voting margin of 44.8% compared to the national average Democratic voting margin of 3%. According to the 2020 U.S. Census, the state’s population grew by 2.3% compared to the national average of 7.4%. Wyoming is the least populated state. Wyoming is among the least racially diverse states in the country. During the past decade, the white population dropped from 86% to 81%. With the U.S. Census results, the state will neither gain nor lose any representatives in Congress.